### Fighting Fat with Fun: Our Role in Prevention

Presented by: Zachary Taylor M.Ed., CHES

# **Objectives**

- Participants will be able to describe the current state of America and Florida's health, including statistics related to obesity.
- Participants will recognize Parks and Recreations vital role in the development of healthier residents and communities.
- Participants will be able to describe an example of health and wellness program that would be successful in their department.

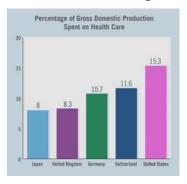
# Pop Quiz

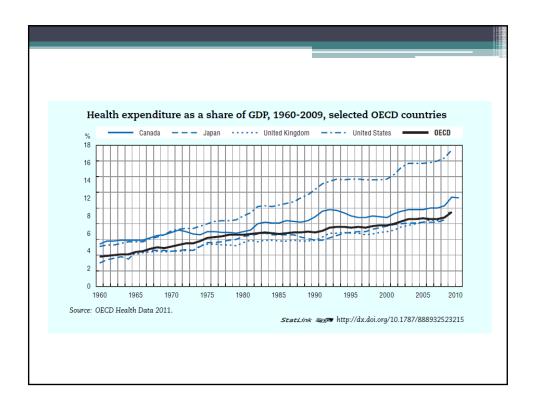
# Question 1

- According to the World Health Organization (WHO), the United States health care system ranks where in the world?
  - a. 1
  - b. 22
  - c. 37
  - d. 53

## c. 37

• We are 37<sup>th</sup> in terms of our health care system, but #1 when it comes to health care expenditure as a % of GDP...15.3% of our entire GDP is spent on healthcare.





- According to the WHO, the United States life expectancy ranks where in the world?
  - a. 1
  - b. 12
  - c. 24
  - d. 35

## c. 24

- Our average life expectancy is 70.0 years with women living an average of 72.6 years, and men 67.5 years
- Japan is #1 and their average life expectancy is 74.5

- What percentage of adult are overweight or obese in the U.S.?
  - a. 15%
  - b. 29%
  - c. 50%
  - d. 69%

# d. 69%

• This is for both overweight and obese, but given the trends it has been predicted that by 2030 as many as 52% of the adult population will be OBESE!

- What percentage of children are overweight or obese in the U.S.?
  - a. 7
  - b. 27
  - c. 33
  - d. 46

## c.33

- 1 out of every 3 kids is overweight or obese!
- Disease such as coronary heart disease can start as early as 5-10 years old
- 77% of kids who are obese in childhood will be obese as adults, compared to only 7% of kids who are of normal weight

- Childhood obesity has \_\_\_\_\_ in the past three decades?
  - a. Gone down
  - b. Stayed the same
  - c. Doubled
  - d. Tripled

# d. Tripled

• Obese kids are 8x more likely to develop hypertension than non-obese kids...which is linked to 69% of first heart attacks and 74% of first strokes in adults

- What is the estimated annual cost of obesity related illness each year in the U.S.?
  - a. \$70 Billion
  - b. \$120 Billion
  - c. \$190 Billion
  - d. \$300 Billion

## c. \$190 Billion

• At the rate that costs have been increasing this number is predicted to be \$300 Billion by 2018!

- How many states have an obesity rate of 15% or less?
  - a. o
  - b. 2
  - c. 5
  - d. 7

#### a. 0

- In 1990 10 States had obesity rates under 10%, and no state had an obesity rate greater than 15%
- In 2009 only Colorado and Washington D.C. had obesity rates lower than 20%, 33 states had prevalence equal or greater to 25% and of these 9 states were over 30%.

- What percent of all Americans meet their daily physical activity recommendations?
  - a. 10%
  - b. 20%
  - c. 30%
  - d. 50%

#### b. 20%

- Less than 5% of all adults in America meet the USDA physical activity recommendations
  - 75% of Americans drive to work, a 300% increase from 1960
- Only 4% of elementary school, 8% of middle schools, and 2% of high schools in the U.S. provide daily P.E.
  - In 1969, 50% of children walked or biked to school, by 2010, 80% are driven

- How many hours of media do children consume each day?
  - a. 2
  - b. 4
  - c. 6
  - d. 8

## d. 8

- TV, video games, computer, smart phones, tablets, etc. We are more plugged in than ever.
- Not only does this screen time negatively impact physical activity levels, but it bombards kids with images and advertising for unhealthy food and drink choices.

- According to America's Health Rankings, Florida ranked where in terms of overall health?
  - a. 4
  - b. 16
  - c. 33
  - d. 50

#### c. 33

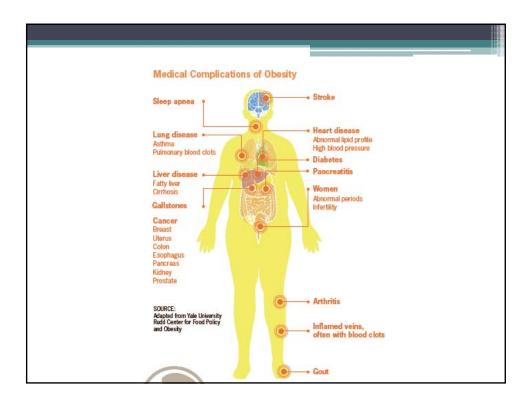
- While that seems bad, it is actually an improvement from last year when we were ranked 37<sup>th</sup>.
- Florida only scores in the top ten twice out of 23 categories. (Cardiovascular and cancer deaths)
- Minority populations in Florida have much higher rates of obesity than their non-Hispanic white counterparts.
  - 23.1% of non-Hispanic Whites
  - 27.8 % of Hispanics
  - 36.3% of non-Hispanic blacks

# **Group Discussion**

- Why are Americans so BIG?
  - Think:
    - Evolutionary History
    - Modern Advances/Industrialization
    - Technology
    - · Agriculture/Food

# Why Obesity?

- <a href="http://theweightofthenation.hbo.com/films/trailer#/films">http://theweightofthenation.hbo.com/films/trailer#/films</a>
- Obesity is a leading risk factor for 5 of the top ten leading causes of death, including:
  - Heart Disease
  - Cancer
  - Stroke
  - Diabetes
  - Kidney Disease

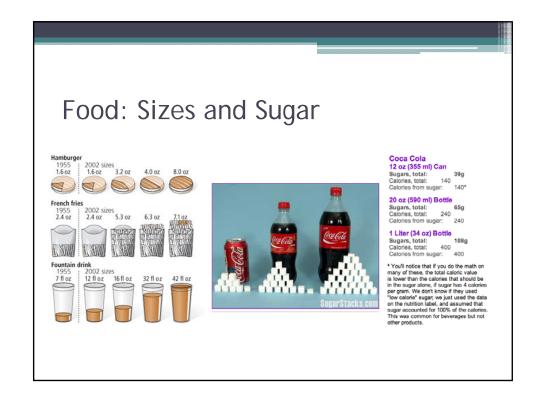


## **Diabetes**

- Type 1 versus Type 2
  - 1: the body's immune system destroys the insulinproducing cells, insulin therapy is required and there is no cure
  - 2: the body can't use insulin properly or no longer makes enough of it to overcome insulin resistance, usually caused by being overweight. Can be cured through healthy lifestyle choices
- 90% of diabetics are type 2
- Juvenile versus Adult-Onset

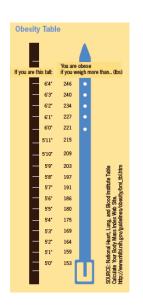
# Food: Sugar Sweetened Beverages

- The consumption of sugar sweetened beverages has increased 135% since 1977.
- Profit margin for sodas is 90% it is only 10% for fresh produce.
  - The cost of soft drinks has increased 20% in the past 25 years.
  - Fruits and vegetables increased 117% in the same time.



#### **BMI**

- Body Mass Index: the ratio of weight and height that represents how much body fat you have.
  - Less than 18.5 = Underweight
  - 18.5-24.9 = Healthy Weight
  - 25.0-29.9 = Overweight
  - 30.0-40.0 = Obese
  - 40.0+ = Morbidly Obese

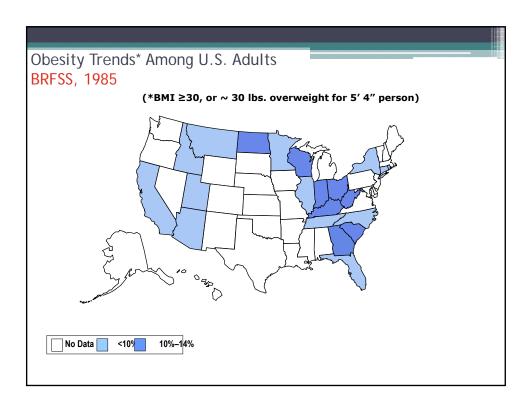


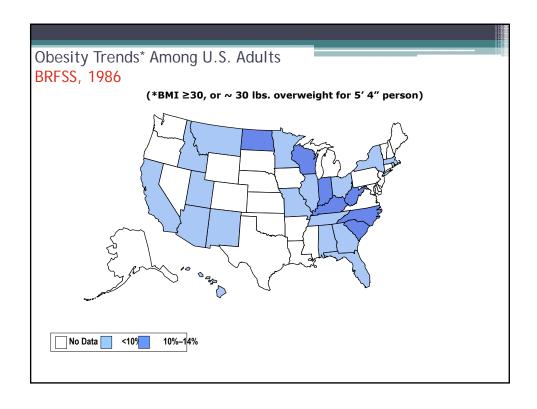
### **BMI**

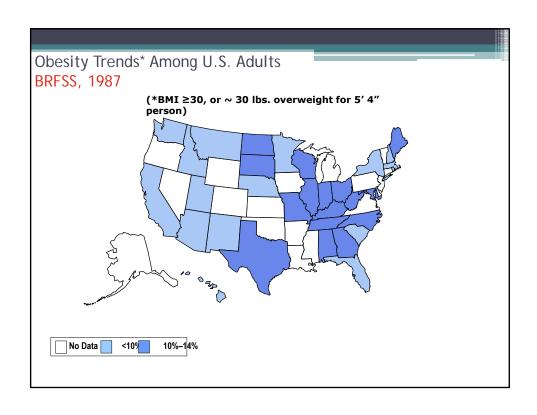
- A tool for science and research:
  - Fat versus muscle
  - Water weight
  - Bone density.
- It is possible to have a healthy BMI and be extremely unhealthy or a high BMI and be very healthy.

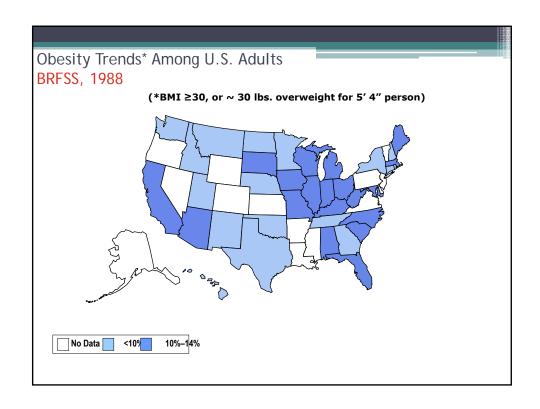
## **BRFSS**

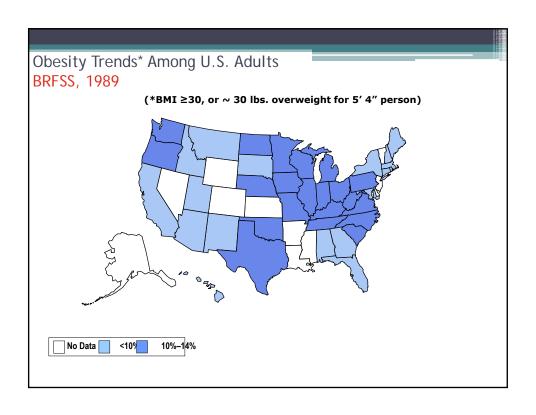
- Behavior Risk Factor Surveillance System
  - The BRFSS is the world's largest, on-going telephone health survey system, tracking health conditions and risk behaviors in the United States yearly since 1984. Currently, data are collected monthly in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and Guam.
  - Most commonly used information is BMI/Obesity tracking

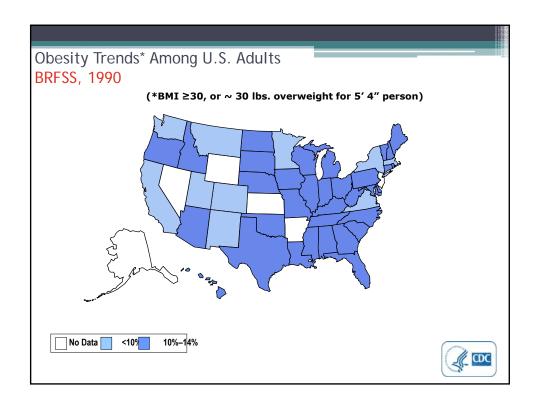


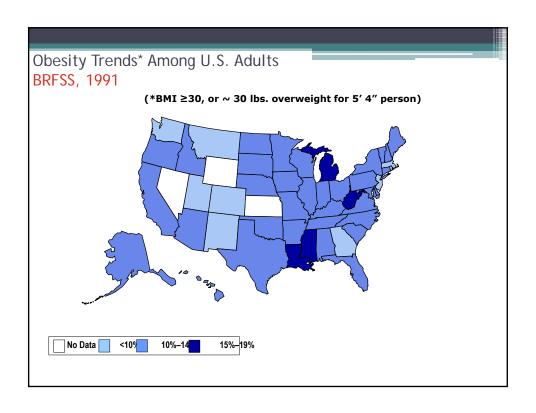


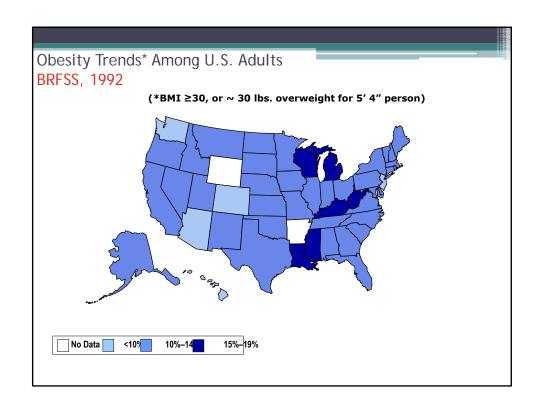


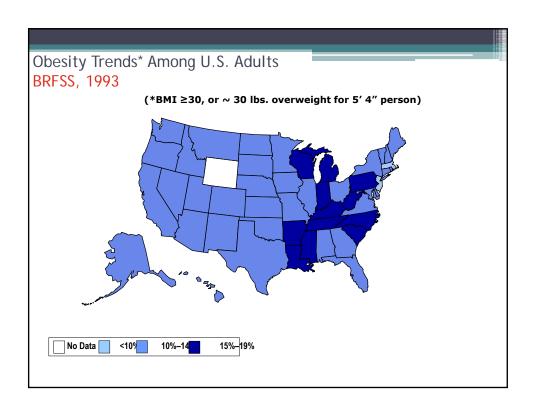


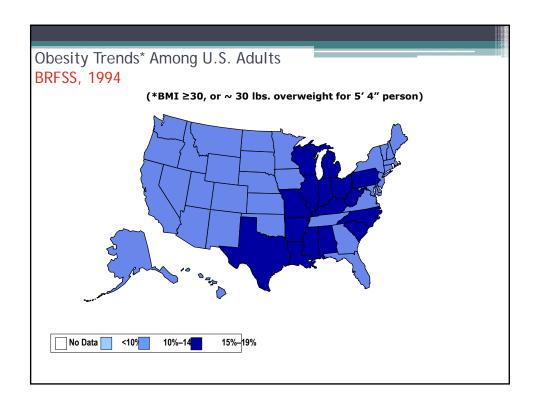


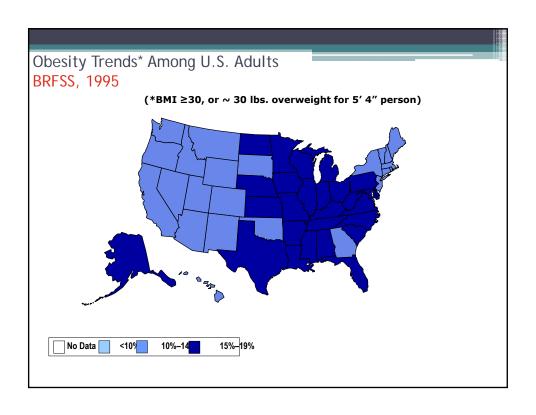


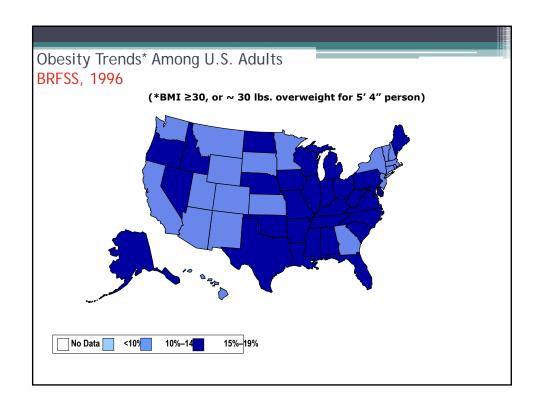


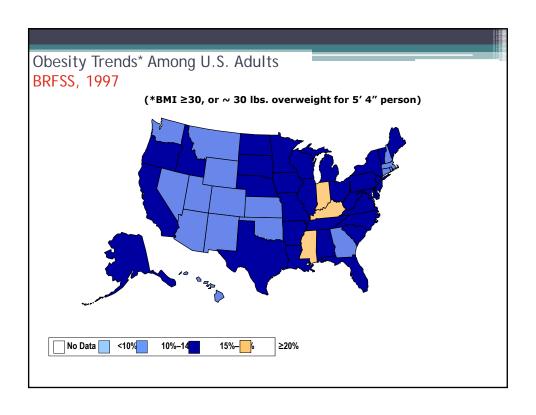


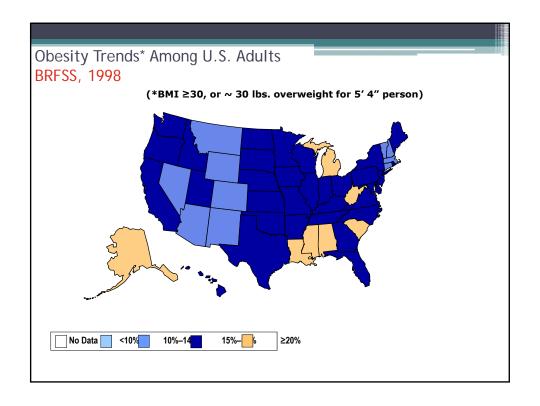


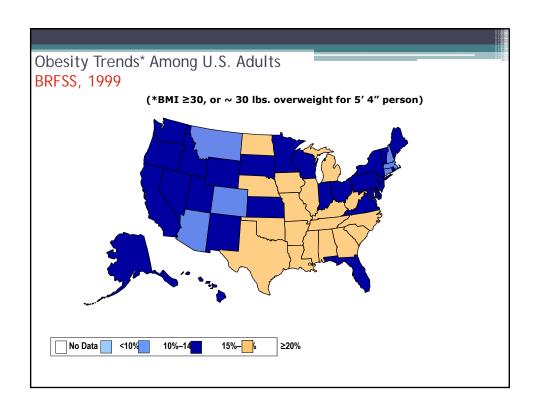


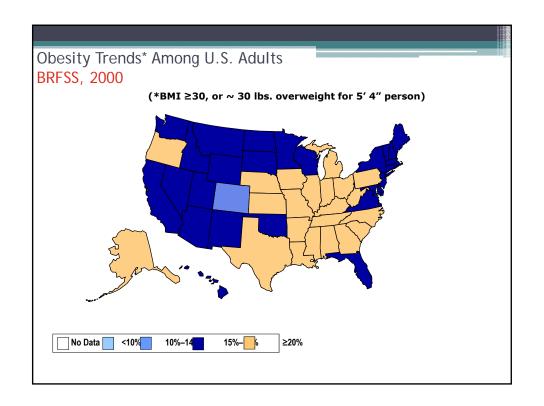


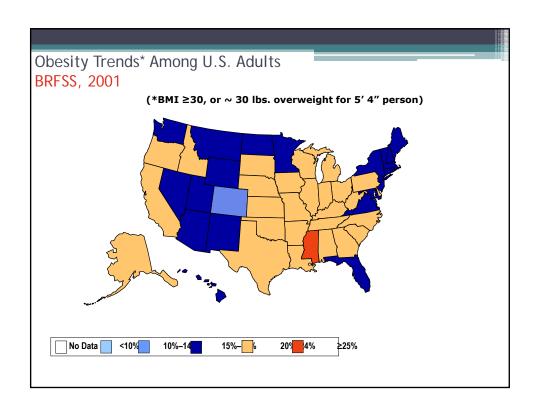


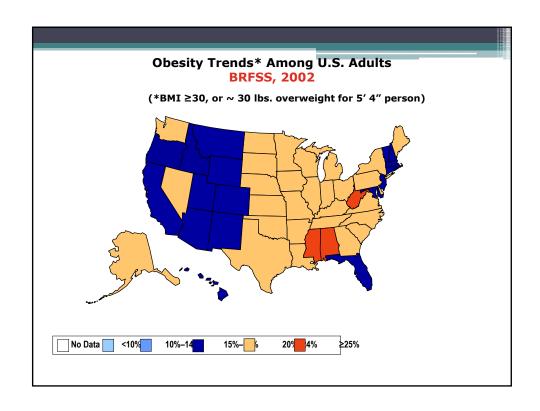


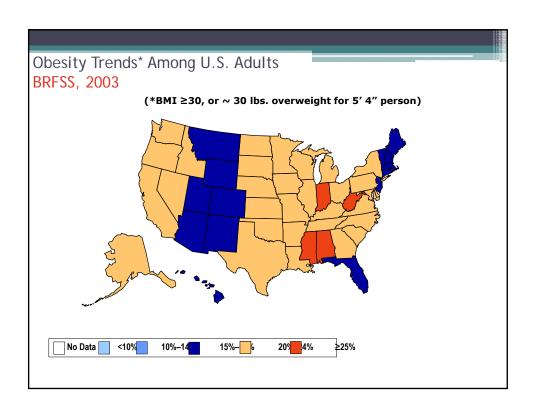


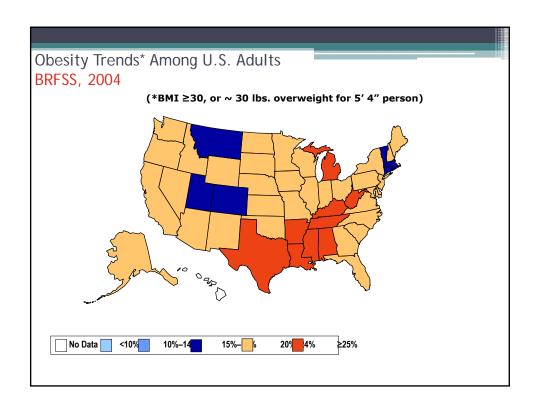


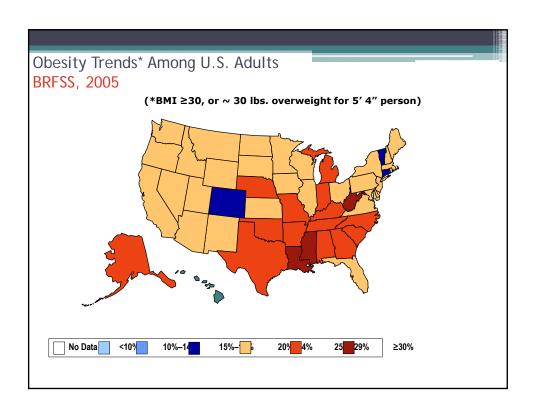


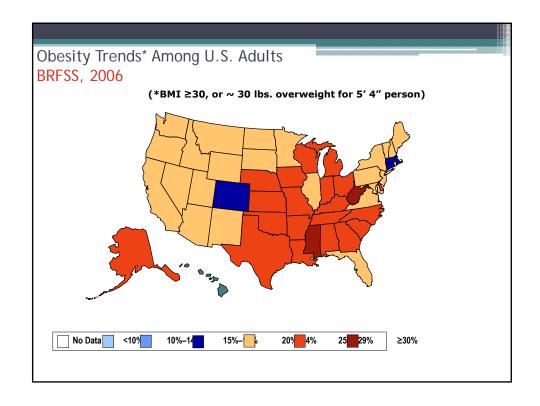


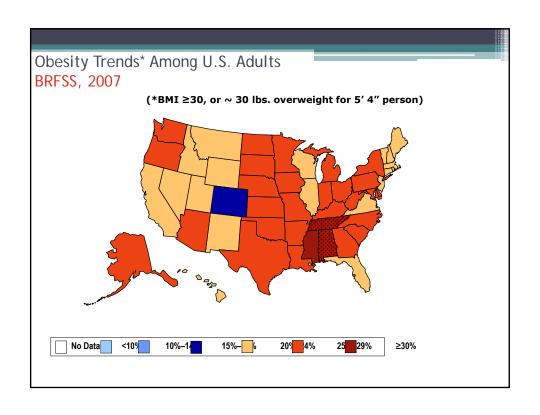


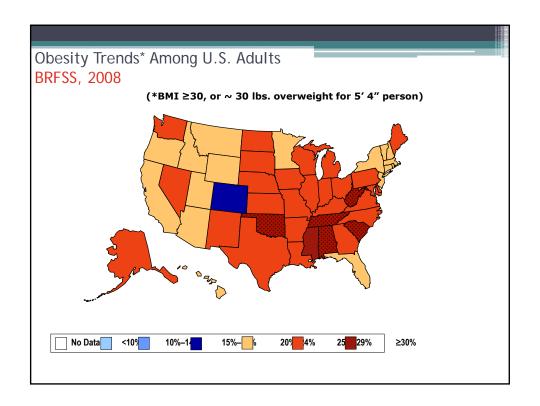


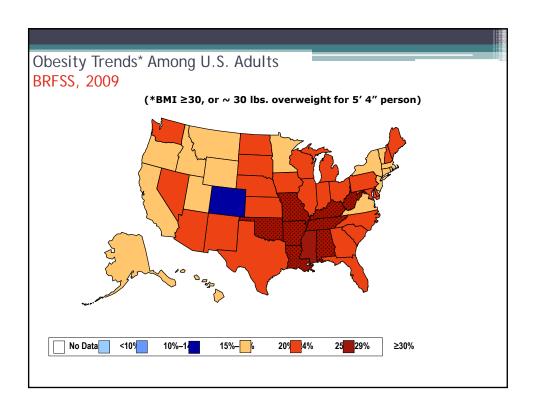






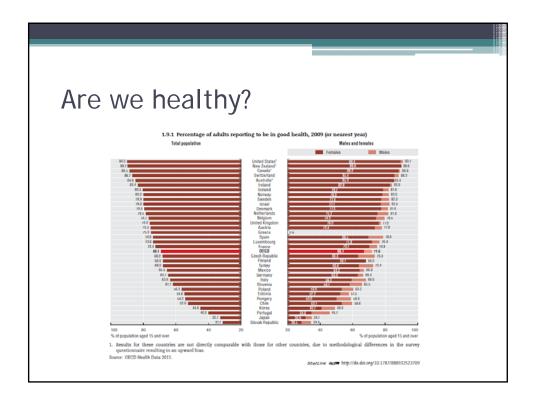












# Florida and Obesity

- $\bullet$  Florida is the  $29^{\text{th}}$  most obese state in the country.
- Fifteen years ago Florida had a/an:
  - Obesity rate of 14.3 percent and was ranked 26th most obese state in the nation. Obesity in Florida has increased more than 80 percent over the last 15 years.
  - Combined obesity and overweight rate of 49.1 percent.
     Ten years ago, it was 54.7 percent. Now, the combined rate is 62.6 percent.
  - Diabetes rate of 5.7 percent. Now the diabetes rate is 9.9 percent.
  - Hypertension rate of 23.8 percent. Now, the rate is 29 percent.

# Florida and Obesity

- Regardless of current trends Florida is making strives to combat the problem.
  - Twenty-nine states including Florida limit when and where competitive foods (foods and beverages sold outside of the formal meal programs, through à la carte lines, vending machines and school stores) may be sold beyond federal requirements.
  - Twenty-one states including Florida now have legislation that requires body mass index (BMI) screening or weight-related assessments other than BMI for children and adolescents. Seven years ago, only four states required BMI screening or other weight-related assessments.

# Florida and Obesity

- Regardless of current trends Florida is making strives to combat the problem.
  - Twenty-six states including Florida have now established farm-to-school programs. Five years ago, only New York had a law establishing a farm-to-school program.
  - Sixteen states including Florida now have Complete Streets laws. "Complete streets" are roads designed to allow all users – bicyclists, pedestrians, drivers, and public transit users – to access them safely. Seven years ago only five states had these laws.

# Anyone Else Feel Like Moving?

- Jumping Jacks (10)
- Self Hugs (10)
- Arm Circles (5 each direction)
- Shoulder Circles (5 each direction)
- Knee Raises (10)
- Butt Kickers (10)
- Down to Toes up to Sky Stretch (hold down and up pose for 15-30 seconds)
- Torso Twist (5 each direction)
- Neck stretches (hold each side and front and back for 15-30 seconds)

- The CDC has identified 6 target behaviors for the prevention of obesity and other chronic diseases.
  - 1. Increase physical activity
  - 2. Increase consumption of fruits and vegetables
  - 3. Increase breastfeeding initiation, duration, and exclusivity
  - 4. Decrease consumption of sugar sweetened beverages
  - 5. Decrease consumption of high energy dense, nutrient poor food
  - 6. Decrease television viewing

# Why Parks and Recreation?

- In addition to the target behaviors, the CDC also identifies some strategies to prevent obesity:
  - Strategies to Promote the Availability of Affordable Healthy Food & Beverages
    - 1. Increase availability of healthier food and beverage choices in public service venues
    - 2. Improve availability of affordable healthier food and beverage choices in public service venues
    - 3. Improve geographic availability of supermarkets in underserved areas
    - Provide incentives to food retailers to locate in and/or offer healthier food and beverage choices in underserved areas

- In addition to the target behaviors, the CDC also identifies some strategies to prevent obesity:
  - Strategies to Promote the Availability of Affordable Healthy Food & Beverages
    - Improve availability of mechanisms for purchasing foods from farms
    - 6. Provide incentives for the production, distribution, and procurement of foods from local farms
    - 7. Restrict availability of less healthy foods and beverages in public service venues
    - 8. Institute smaller portion size options in public service venues
    - 9. Limit advertisements of less healthy foods and beverages
    - 10. Discourage consumption of sugar-sweetened beverages

# Why Parks and Recreation?

- In addition to the target behaviors, the CDC also identifies some strategies to prevent obesity:
  - Strategy to Encourage Breastfeeding
     11. Increase support for breastfeeding
  - Strategies to Encourage Physical Activity or Limit Sedentary Activity Among Children and Youth
    - 12. Require Physical Education in schools
    - 13. Increase the amount of physical activity in PE programs in schools
    - 14. Increase opportunities for extracurricular physical activity
    - 15. Reduce screen time in public service venues

- In addition to the target behaviors, the CDC also identifies some strategies to prevent obesity:
  - Strategies to Create Safe Communities That Support Physical Activity
    - 16. Improve access to outdoor recreational facilities
    - 17. Enhance infrastructure supporting bicycling
    - 18. Enhance infrastructure supporting walking
    - 19. Support locating schools in residential neighborhoods
    - 20. Improve access to transportation

# Why Parks and Recreation?

- In addition to the target behaviors, the CDC also identifies some strategies to prevent obesity:
  - Strategies to Create Safe Communities That Support Physical Activity
    - 21. Zone for mixed-use development
    - **22.** Enhance personal safety where people are or could be physically active
    - 23. Enhance traffic safety in areas where persons are or could be physically active
  - Strategy to Encourage Communities to Organize for Change
    - 24. Participate in community coalitions or partnerships to address obesity

- Parks and recreation facilities play a crucial role in prevention of obesity and community health and wellness promotion by providing opportunities to engage in physical activity.
- Studies have shown that living in neighborhoods with abundant, conveniently located parks ins associated with greater physical activity among both children and adults.

# Why Parks and Recreation?

- A survey by the American Public Health Association found that 75% of adults believed parks and recreation will play an important role in addressing obesity.
- Active park users have been shown to be less likely to be overweight when compared to those who either use the park for passive reasons or not at all.

### Why Parks and Recreation?

- Some ways Parks and Recreation departments can promote healthy eating and physical activity:
  - Develop media and social marketing campaigns and incentive programs
    - Ex. It Starts In Parks Day/Month
  - Develop specific initiative targeting vulnerable and underserved youth
    - Ex. Long Center Play Pass

### Why Parks and Recreation?

- Some ways Parks and Recreation departments can promote healthy eating and physical activity:
  - Develop guides, newsletters, brochures or other informational materials about available local resources for physical activity and nutrition.
    - · Ex. Healthy Choices for a Healthy Clearwater
  - Advocate for healthy vending machines and snack offerings for youth and local sporting events.

### **CPPW**



- Communities Putting Prevention to Work
  - Through *CPPW*, communities are implementing environmental changes to make healthy living easier.
  - These efforts produce broad, high-impact, sustainable health outcomes for the communities.
  - The environment can have a profound impact on the health of individuals. Where individuals live, work, learn, and play affects their behavior.
  - Communities can produce broad, lasting health outcomes by making healthier choices available to and practical for their residents through environmental change.



### **CPPW Pinellas Partners:**

- BMR Consulting, Inc.
- City of St. Petersburg
- City of Tarpon Springs
- City of Clearwater
- City of Largo
- Early Learning Coalition
- Health and Human Services Coordinating Council
- Pinellas County
- Pinellas County Extension

- Pinellas County Health Department
- Pinellas County Parks and Conservation Resources
- Pinellas County Schools
- PSTA
- R'Club
- YMCA of St. Petersburg
- YMCA of the Suncoast



# Speaking of Fun!

• <a href="http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2lXh2noaPy">http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2lXh2noaPy</a>
W



• <a href="http://www.cdc.gov/nccdphp/dnpao/hwi/toolkits/stairwell/index.htm">http://www.cdc.gov/nccdphp/dnpao/hwi/toolkits/stairwell/index.htm</a>

What have we done in Clearwater?

# Wellness Policy

- Developed the first comprehensive wellness policy for a municipality in Pinellas County. The policy covers:
  - Wellness Committee
  - Wellness Champions
  - Physical activity programming
  - Nutrition education and programming
  - Breastfeeding Mothers
  - Evaluation
  - Funding

ADMINISTRATIVE POLICY MANUAL		
SECTION: Personnel	POLICY NO.: 3224	
ADMINISTERING DEPARTMENT: Parks and Recreation, Human Resources		
SUBJECT: Wellness Policy		
Purpose:  To establish guidelines for the development and implementation of City employee wellness related initiatives, programs, and activities.  Polley:  The City of Cleanwater is committed to providing a supportive workplace environment through the establishment of programs and related benefits that foster employee wellness and encourage employees to take an active role in achieving a healthier lifestyle.  Administrative Repeal:  The provisions contained herein shall supersede and replace all prior policies and procedures.  [At William B. Home II.  William B. Home II.  William B. Home II.  On the Company of the		
Legil Pinance Human Resource. Policy C Page 1	ommittee Dept. Head	

# ADMINISTRATIVE POLICY MANUAL General: The Cly of Cleanwater strives to be a well workplace by: • Making wellness programs analizelis to all regular employees who wish to participate. • Develoring wellness indicaves that ore of interest and value to our employees. • Offering benefits that complement workplace wellness and assist employees in achieving a healther lifestyle. • In principle to the complement workplace wellness and assist employees in achieving a healther lifestyle. • In principle to the complement well and the complement and the complement and the community of the community

# ADMINISTRATIVE POLICY MANUAL 4. Wellness Champions must be regular, full-time employees. 5. The City Wellness Specialist will coordinate the Wellness Champions program. Wellness Champions will meet quarterly as a group to receive information and direction from the Wellness Champions will meet quarterly as a group to receive information and direction from the Wellness within their respective used sites or facilities. C. Wellness Components 1. Programs, activities, or consideration of the control of the contr

### ADMINISTRATIVE POLICY MANUAL

### b. Vending Services

When soliciting responses to requests for proposals for the City's non-alcoholic beverage and food vending services, the vendors shall be required to include healthy food and beverage selections in the permitted product list for products to be made available in the vending machines or another location at only facilities. In addition, healthy food and beverage options are preferred for any promotional advertaing on the vending machines. A representative from the City Vieliness Committee will be included in the vendor and vending options selection processes.

In an effort to foster within the City a culture that values healthy choices in all aspects of life, thereby impacting all employees more positively, the City strongly encourages all employees are proposed as a considerable to other strongly encourages all employees available to others. Unbealthy foods (those that are high in saturated fat sodium, and sugar) tend to negatively impact worker performance after consumption and may have an adverse impact on the health of employees that can in turn lead to higher medical claims thereby increasing the cost of the City's medical insurance for all employees as well as the City.

### 4. Break Time for Nursing Mothers

- a. The City will comply with all requirements for nursing mothers as provided in the federal Fair Labor Standards Act as amended by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010. A Department of Labor Fact Sheet is available at the following link: <a href="http://www.dol.gov/whd/regs/compliance/whdfs73.pdf">http://www.dol.gov/whd/regs/compliance/whdfs73.pdf</a>
- c. Employees may contact the City Wellness Specialist or Human Resources for assistance with accommodation in compliance with these requirements.

Page 4

### ADMINISTRATIVE POLICY MANUAL

- The City Wellness Committee will utilize measurement statistics to establish goals and objectives, identify areas to improve employee wellness, develop and implement wellness programs and activities, and gauge the effectiveness of ongoing wellness initiatives.
- The City's Human Resources Department will compile the following statistics on an annual basis for review by the City Wellness Committee:

### E. Wellness Funding

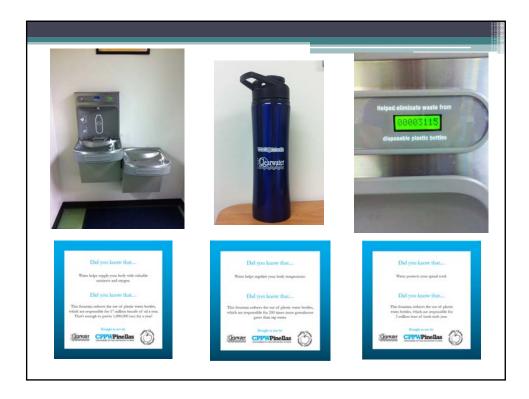
- Funding for Clty Wellness activities and programs will be coordinated between the Parks and Recreation and Human Resources Departments as part of the annual budget process.
   The Clty may seek to obtain additional wellness funds from the Clty's undical insurance carrier.
   Expenditures of Clty wellness funds must be approved by the Clty Manager or hister designer.
   The Parks and Recreation Department will be responsible for maintaining an accounting for all Clty wellness fund expenditures, as well as an inventory of all items purchased with Clty wellness fund expenditures, as well as an inventory of all items purchased with Clty wellness fund.

### Water Fountain Retrofit

• 22 water fountains (10 at Recreation Centers and Libraries, and 12 at the most populated City locations) were retrofitted with a hands-free, filtered, refrigerated bottle filler to increase access and consumption of safe, clean drinking water and reduce the amount of plastic trash the City generates.

### Water Fountain Retrofit

- Currently, fountains are preventing approximately 950 bottles a day from entering a landfill, which equates to more than 10,000 lbs of trash each year.
- To encourage employee use, every employee (~1600) received a stainless steel water bottle that was branded with our employee wellness program, Well@Work.



### Wheels@Work

- Employee only bicycle sharing program.
- 4 beach cruisers and one adult tricycle are available at our main location for employees to check out during their work day.
- Bikes may be used for business trips, personal fitness/health, or general errand running.
- In order to participate in program an employee must view the safety and information guide, covering basic bicycling safety and Florida laws, as well as sign a waiver.



# Trail Improvements

- Installed emergency response decals over 6.9 miles of trail every 300 feet
- Installed street signs at major roadway crossing for trails
- Currently developing new geographically accurate/to-scale trail head sings to replace existing signage.
  - Signs will have locations of water fountains, fitness zones, and various features



### Sweet Swap

- Partnered with local dentist office for annual Sweet Swap and Operation Gratitude.
- Families could bring in candy from Halloween and trade each pound of candy for one raffle ticket. An additional ticket could be obtained with a letter to the troops overseas.
- Children placed raffle tickets in appropriate prize box. We offered bicycles; skateboarding, soccer, football, baseball, and tennis packages; football tickets; annual play passes; and other health oriented prizes.
- Collected over 600 pounds of candy the first year.



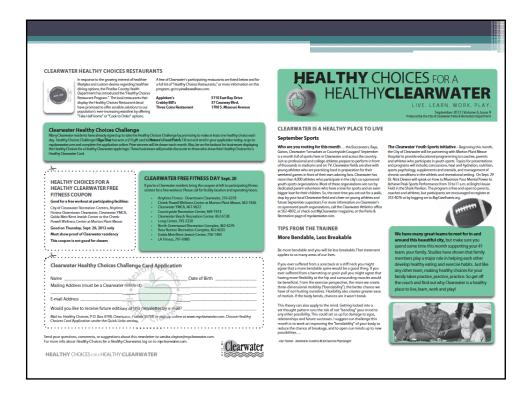
### Youth Sports Initiative

- Partnered with Morton Plant Mease to positively impact the more than 4,000 athletes, coaches and parents who participate in Clearwater's co-sponsor youth sports groups.
- Based on the goals of the President's Council on Fitness, Sports and Nutrition, the partnership seeks to aid in the development of lifelong recreation skills, educate participants on good health and wellness practices, enhance current educational programming and provide evidence-based medical programming and education.



### Health Choices for a Healthy Clearwater

- A collaborative campaign involving local businesses, schools, city and county departments, non-profit agencies, hospitals, and community groups in a shared effort to make it easier for residents to make healthy choices.
- A monthly newsletter highlights healthy activities, recipes, and classes and recognizes Clearwater businesses and schools that encourage healthy lifestyles.
- Those who pledge to "make at least one healthy choice each day" will receive a Healthy Choices for a Healthy Clearwater card that can be used for discounts at participating businesses.
- Healthy Choices for a Healthy Clearwater helps make our city a great place to live, learn, work and play.



### Miscellaneous Events

- Snack with Zach
  - Educated employees on making appropriate snacking choices at work
- Start Walking Day
  - Part of AHA campaign to get America moving.
  - Roughly 200-300 participants each year
- Turtle Hurdle
- Cooking and activity with Camps



# Where to go from here...

- What are you trying to impact?
- Who are the stakeholders?
- Sustainability and funding?
- Is it fun?
- Where are there gaps?
- What has been done that was successful?

# **Group Activity**

- Find a partner or small group (no more than 5 people).
- Brainstorm activities that are fun, promote physical activity, and that are unique.
- Budget is no option, but the more realistic the better.
- Be prepared to SHARE.

# Food for thought

- We have engineered activity and healthy behaviors out of our life.
- The kinds of activities and food that are advertised is the kind that is most profitable, not what is the best for society.
- It's not I want to..., or I'll try to..., it's this WILL happen.

# Food for thought

• The weight of the nation is very light if its supported by all of our hands, and it is extremely heavy, an incredible burden, if we do not do something about it.

### Resources

- Local Health Department
- Wellness Professional Networks
  - http://wellcounciltb.org/
- CDC
  - http://makinghealtheasier.org/
  - http://www.cdc.gov/obesity/strategies/hbo wotn.html
  - http://theweightofthenation.hbo.com/films/trailer

### **Zachary Taylor**

Wellness Specialist
City of Clearwater
Parks and Recreation

(Tel): 727-793-2339 x 238 (Cell): 727-224-7349 (Fax): 727-793-2338

zachary.taylor@myclearwater.com